

### IMM Quarterly Report: Summer 2019

MISO Independent Market Monitor

David Patton, Ph.D. Potomac Economics

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## Highlights and Findings: Summer 2019

- The MISO markets performed competitively this summer, market power mitigation was infrequent, and offers were competitive overall.
- A significant drop in natural gas prices had multiple impacts on the markets:
  - ✓ Real-time energy prices fell by 19 percent compared to last year;
  - ✓ Ancillary services prices fell between 11 and 24 percent; and
  - ✓ Real-time RSG payments fell by almost 40 percent.
- MISO's annual peak load of 120.9 GW occurred on July 19, 600 MW lower than last year's peak and well below the forecast peak of 125.5 GW.
  - ✓ Average summer load fell by 4 percent compared to last year.
- Price volatility make-whole payments fell substantially due partly to a number recommended improvements MISO implemented over the past.
- FTR shortfalls occurred in June and July due to multiple transmission outages that were not modelled in the FTR auctions.





### **Quarterly Summary**

			Chan	ge <sup>1</sup>				Chan	nge <sup>1</sup>
		-	Prior	Prior			-	Prior	Prior
		Value	Qtr.	Year			Value	Qtr.	Year
RT Energy Prices (\$/MWh)		\$25.84	-1%	-19%	FTR Funding (%)	9	96%	99%	110%
Fuel Prices (\$/MMBtu)					Wind Output (MW/hr)	9	4,257	-41%	4%
Natural Gas - Chicago		\$2.07	-24%	-25%	<b>Guarantee Payments (\$M)</b> <sup>4</sup>				
Natural Gas - Henry Hub		\$2.27	-16%	-21%	Real-Time RSG	9	\$14.7	3%	-36%
Western Coal		\$0.70	-1%	-1%	Day-Ahead RSG	9	\$5.8	-41%	10%
Eastern Coal		\$1.52	-10%	-4%	Day-Ahead Margin Assurance	0	\$4.0	-25%	-48%
Load (GW) <sup>2</sup>					Real-Time Offer Rev. Sufficiency	9	\$0.7	-12%	-33%
Average Load		83.7	19%	-4%	Price Convergence <sup>5</sup>				
Peak Load		121.4	24%	-1%	Market-wide DA Premium	9	0.0%	0.0%	-0.4%
% Scheduled DA (Peak Hour)		99.3%	98.2%	98.7%	Virtual Trading				
Transmission Congestion (\$M)					Cleared Quantity (MW/hr)	9	15,991	-15%	8%
Real-Time Congestion Value		\$269.4	43%	-12%	% Price Insensitive	9	35%	36%	36%
Day-Ahead Congestion Revenue	9	\$146.0	30%	-16%	% Screened for Review	9	1%	1%	1%
Balancing Congestion Revenue <sup>3</sup>		\$4.8	\$2.5	-\$12.7	Profitability (\$/MW)	9	\$0.35	\$0.39	\$0.33
Ancillary Service Prices (\$/MWh)					Dispatch of Peaking Units (MW/hr)	9	1,775	709	1824
Regulation		\$7.66	-16%	-24%	Output Gap- Low Thresh. (MW/hr)	9	45	103	75
Spinning Reserves		\$2.17	-12%	-19%	Other:				
Supplemental Reserves		\$0.62	50%	-11%					
Key: Expected	Expected <u>Notes:</u> 1. Values not in italics are the values for the past period rather th								
Monitor/Discuss					justed for any change in membership.		U		
Concern			-		ngestion collection, unadjusted for M2M settle	ment	ts.		
			4. Include	es effects	of market power mitigation.				

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-3-

5. Values include allocation of RSG.



### Low Gas Prices, RDT Flows, Congestion Patterns (Slides 14, 17, 18)

- Natural gas prices at the Chicago and Henry Hubs both fell by more than 20 percent over last summer due to record levels of natural gas production.
  - ✓ Outlet for gas in the Permian Oil region in West Texas is constrained toward Houston Ship Channel and Henry Hub resulting in higher Henry Hub prices.
    - Completion of the Gulf Coast Express Pipeline will alleviate this constraint, which is set to enter service in early October.
- Despite lower gas prices in the Midwest, RDT flows were generally in the South to North direction after June.
  - ✓ Multiple units in the South extended planned outages into late June.
  - In July, higher load in the Midwest and lower load in the South relative to last year contributed to higher South to North flows.
  - In July, congestion increased by nearly 50 percent over last year, returning to more normal levels:
    - ✓ Wind production increased by 24 percent over last July;
    - ✓ Generation and transmission outages and suspended baseload capacity contributed to \$11 million in congestion on a single constraint.

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### **Improvements in Generator Performance and PVMWP Costs (Slides 34, 35)**

- MISO implemented a number of IMM recommendations recently that have:
  - Improved generator performance, reducing deviations by 18 percent.
  - Contributed to a decrease in price-volatility make-whole payments of nearly 50 percent, from \$8.7 million last summer to \$4.6 million this summer.
- The recommendations that contributed to these improvements included:
  - Changes to the PVMWP rules implemented on May 1 that provide better incentives to follow MISO's setpoints.
    - Payments are now proportionately paid based on resource performance.
    - Generator deviations fell by as much as 27 percent during the morning ramp hours.
  - ✓ A recommendation that MISO implemented in July 2018 closed a loophole that eliminated unjustified DAMAP payments to wind resources.
  - ✓ MISO implemented a recommended regulation commitment enhancement in May that contributed to lower price volatility and the reduction in PVMWP.



### **Uninstructed Deviation Changes and Wind Forecasting (Slides 21, 22)**

- Uninstructed deviation changes have prompted most wind suppliers to use the MISO forecast.
  - This adoption of the MISO forecast has reduced absolute forecast error by 20 percent over last summer and reduced directional forecast bias by 3 percent.
- Although the MISO forecast is better than the prior participants', its current methodology still leads to sizable forecast errors that could be reduced.
- The current MISO forecast methodology has an over-forecast bias (although by less than MP forecasts) because it uses the greater of:
  - ✓ Its vendor forecast, and
  - ✓ The current output commonly referred to as a "persistence" forecast.
- This results in predictable over-forecasts, which are most prominent when aggregate wind output is declining.
  - The current average absolute forecast error exceeds 200 MW (50% of the regulation requirement) in almost 40 percent of market intervals.
  - ✓ Assuming the current output would be significantly better and applying a trend to the current output would reduce this frequency to 4 percent.





### Hot Weather Prices in ERCOT and Impacts on WOTAB (Slide 19)

- Between August 12 and 16, ERCOT experienced a record peak load, multiple shortages and extremely high prices, and declared EEA1 on two days.
  - Prices exceeded \$9,000 per MWh for multiple hours during those days.
  - On August 13, ERCOT requested units in MISO's Western Load Pocket on the seam switch to serve ERCOT, but conditions were tighter in MISO:
    - A transmission derate and loss of a critical unit brought MISO to the edge of having to shed load in the load pocket, which MISO was able to avoid.
- Prices at MISO's Texas Hub ranged from \$500 to \$800/MWh because of the transmission violation, but prices in ERCOT were \$9,000/MWh.

This event underscores the importance of a number of our recommendations:

- Improving shortage pricing so prices reflect the expected value of lost load, preventing inefficient incentives to export power during shortages.
- Implementing Short Term Reserves (STR) in the load pockets, which will allow the market to price local shortages like this one on August 13.
- Defining local zones based on constraints and local reliability requirements -all of the load pockets in Texas and Louisiana are grouped together in the same capacity zone, so the value of resources in each pocket are obscured.





### **Submittals to External Entities and Other Issues**

- We responded to FERC questions related to prior referrals and continued to meet with FERC on a weekly basis.
- We provided input and feedback to FERC staff regarding Staff Paper on Dynamic Transmission Ratings and we will be participating in Technical Conference on this topic.
- We submitted comments in FERC Notice of Inquiry on Transmission incentives promoting incentives for more efficient transmission ratings and transmission investment.
- We worked with MISO staff on Module D revisions, participated in pre-filing discussions with FERC staff, and presented the revisions to the MSC in July.
- In July, we presented summary of MISO South market results and issues to the Entergy Regional State Committee.





### **Submittals to External Entities and Other Issues**

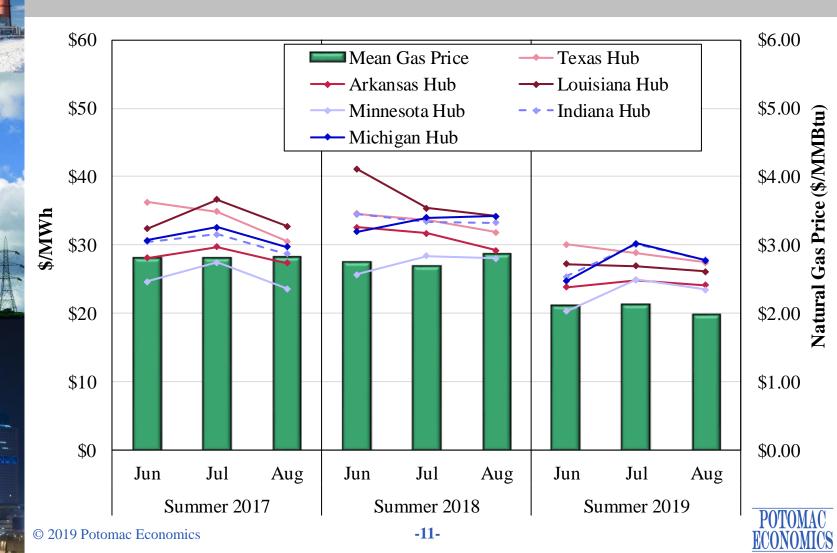
- We began working with the SPP MMU and MISO on the Tier 1 items prioritized for study.
  - These include 2 tasks led by the IMM and 1 led by the SPP MMU.
  - There may be a delay in 1 of these tasks due to SPP concerns about data access/confidentiality.
- We worked with MISO on reviewing Emergency Event procedures and details of adjustments for resources unavailable due to transmission constraints.
- In August, we presented training to the MISO Learning Program on Module D and IMM procedures and in July we presented on Default Technology-Specific Avoidable Costs and on monitoring of LMR BTMG to the RASC.



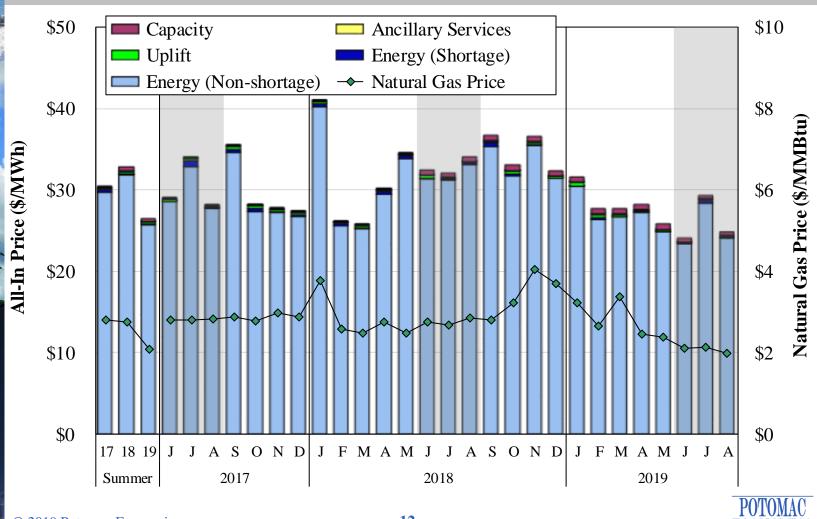
### Capacity, Energy and Price Setting Share Summer 2018 – 2019

		τ	U <b>nforced C</b>	apacity		Energy	Output	Price Setting						
	Summer	Total (	( <b>MW</b> )	Share	e (%)	Share	(%)	SMP	(%)	LMP (%)				
		2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019			
	Nuclear	12,225	12,225	10%	9%	15%	16%	0%	0%	0%	0%			
	Coal	48,775	48,578	38%	38%	48%	41%	47%	52%	87%	94%			
10	Natural Gas	55,240	56,786	43%	44%	30%	35%	52%	45%	97%	97%			
F	Oil	1,691	1,683	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	1%			
A	Hydro	3,966	4,036	3%	3%	1%	2%	1%	2%	2%	4%			
	Wind	3,005	3,214	2%	2%	5%	5%	0%	1%	21%	23%			
	Other	2,678	2,599	2%	2%	2%	1%	0%	0%	3%	2%			
	Total	127,580	129,120											

### Day-Ahead Average Monthly Hub Prices Summer 2017 – 2019

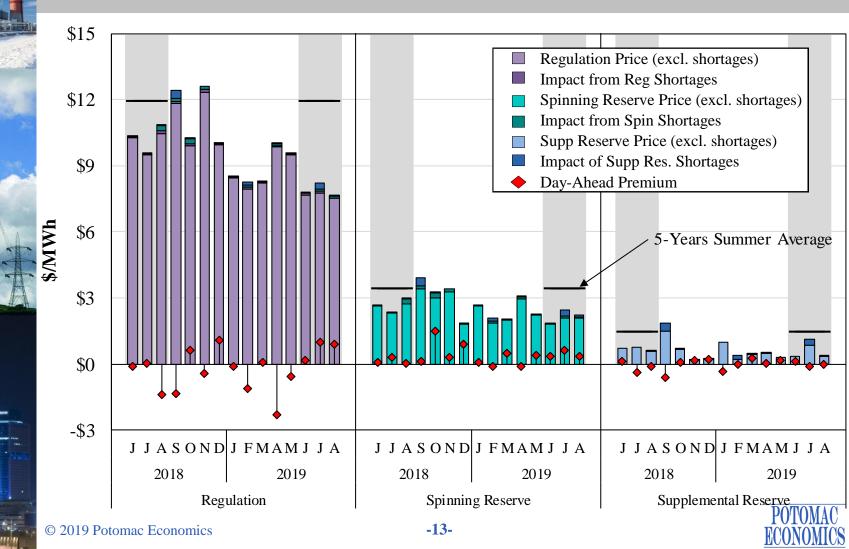


## All-In Price 2017 – 2019

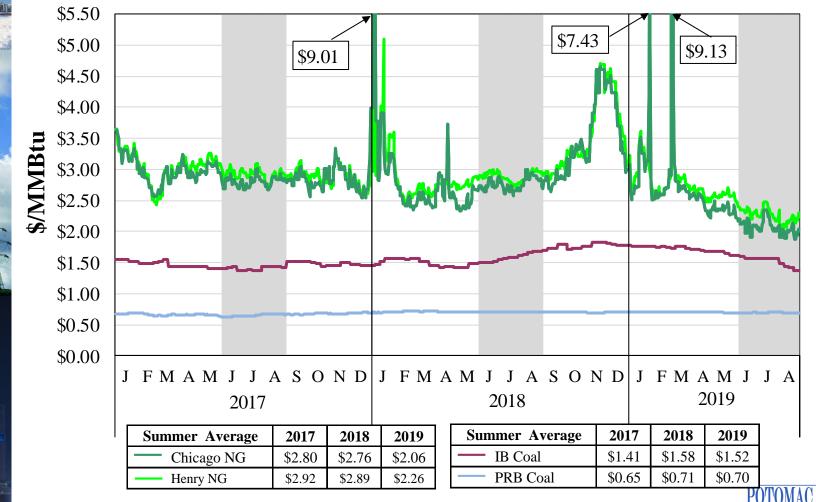


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### Monthly Average Ancillary Service Prices Summer 2017 – 2019

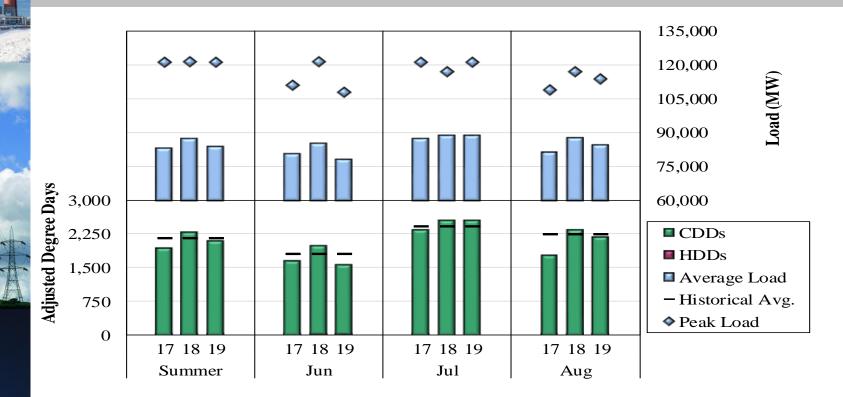


### MISO Fuel Prices Summer 2017 – 2019



-14-

### Load and Weather Patterns Summer 2017 – 2019



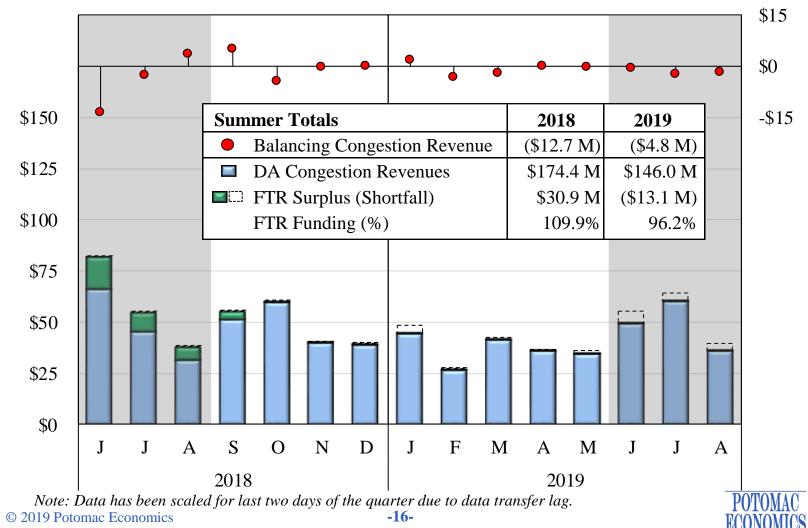
<u>Note</u>: Midwest degree day calculations include four representative cities in the Midwest: Indianapolis, Detroit, Milwaukee and Minneapolis. The South region includes Little Rock and New Orleans.

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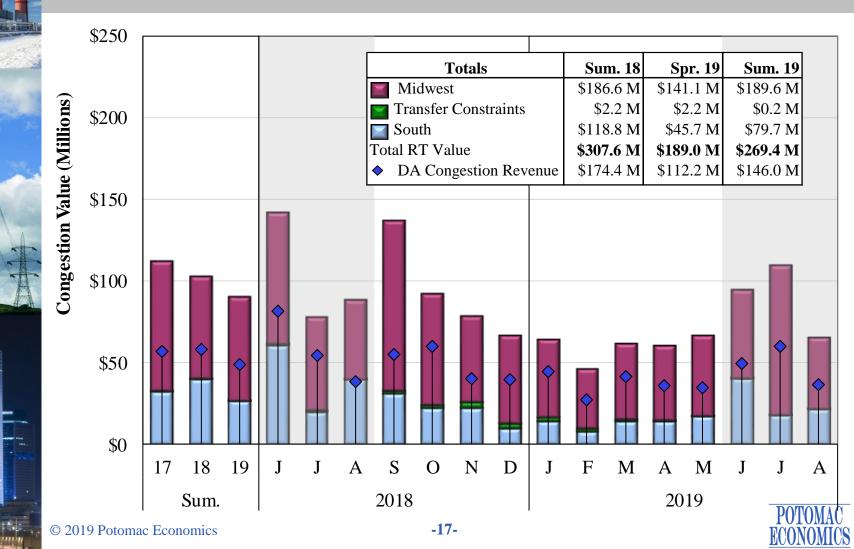




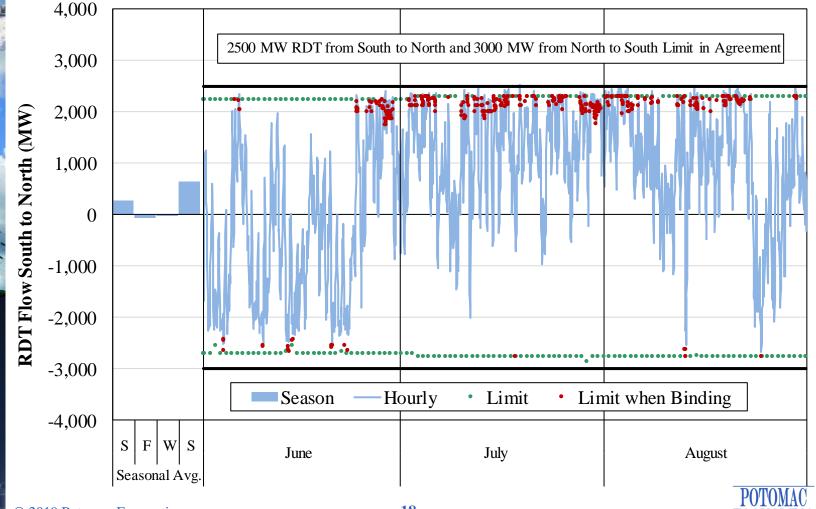
### Day-Ahead Congestion, Balancing Congestion and FTR Underfunding, 2018 – 2019



### Value of Real-Time Congestion Summer 2018 – 2019



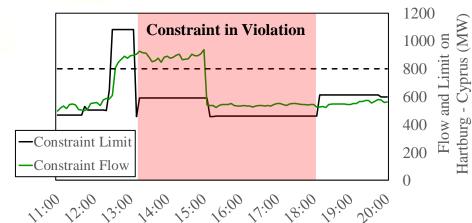
### Real-Time Hourly Inter-Regional Flows Summer 2019



### Market Event on August 13 4:00 pm to 6:00 pm EST



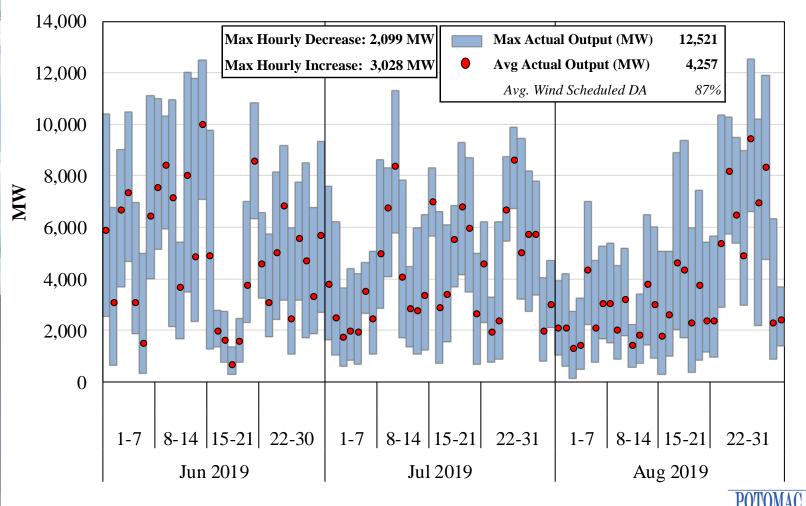




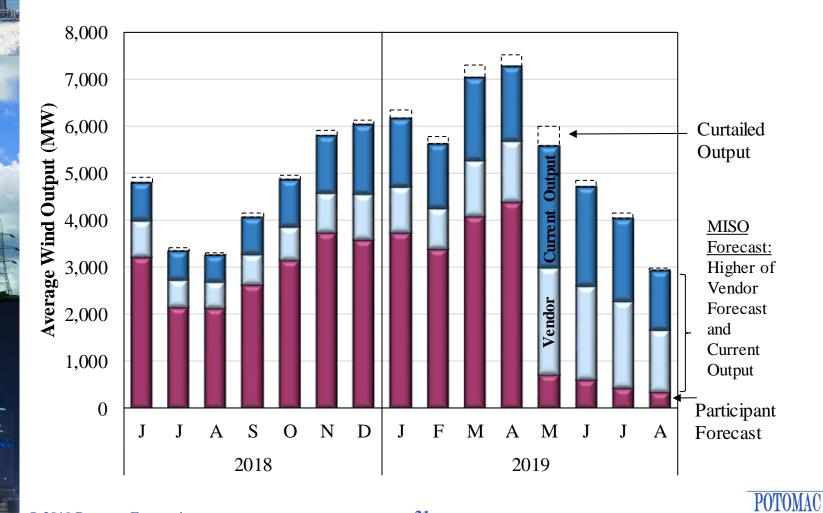
**MISO South** 

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## Wind Output in Real-Time Daily Range and Average



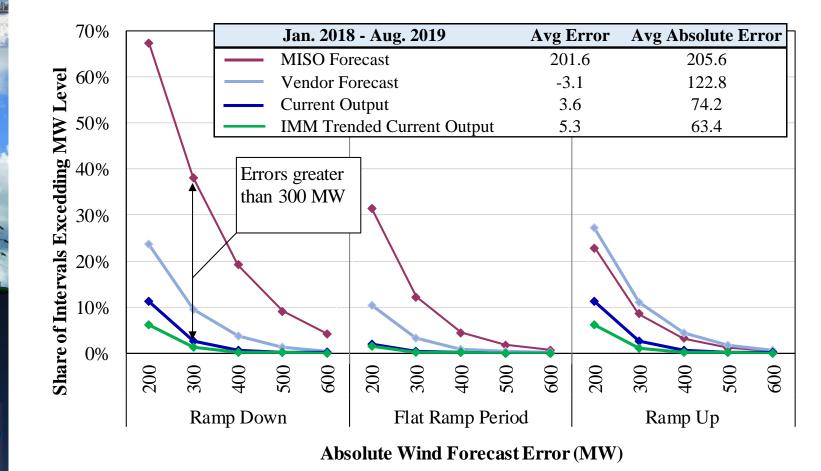
# Average Wind Forecasts by Source 2018 - 2019



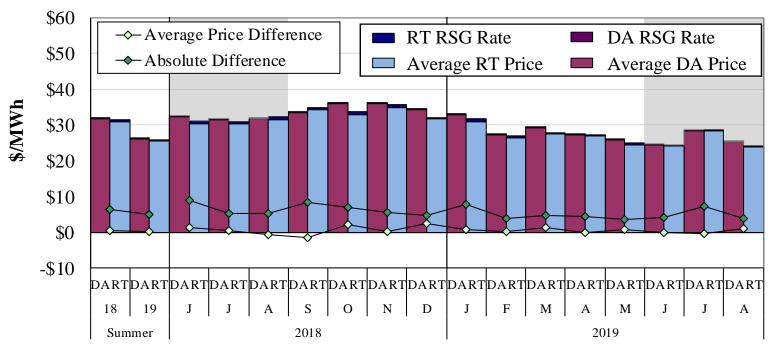
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## Wind Forecasting Error by Forecast Type January 2018 – August 2019



### Day-Ahead and Real-Time Price Convergence Summer 2018 – 2019

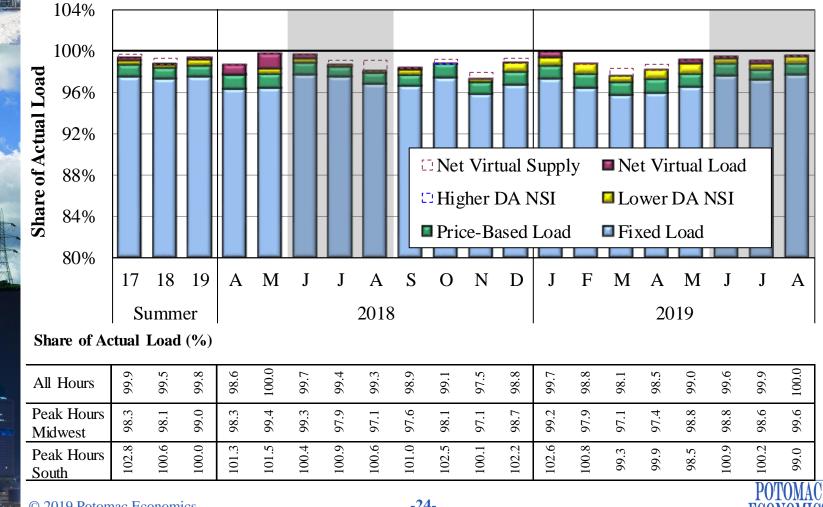


#### Average DA-RT Price Difference Including RSG (% of Real-Time Price)

Indiana Hub	1	1	4	2	-2	-4	7	1	7	3	1	5	-1	4	0	-1	4
Michigan Hub	0	0	4	1	-4	-5	4	-2	5	-6	0	4	-2	3	0	-5	4
Minnesota Hub	-1	1	-2	3	-4	-6	2	1	4	-4	-1	4	0	4	1	-3	6
WUMS Area	-3	-4	-2	-8	1	-4	3	0	7	1	1	7	-12	6	-7	-11	6
Arkansas Hub	1	3	4	3	-4	-11	3	-1	4	0	-3	5	1	6	7	-1	2
Texas Hub	1	-4	2	4	-5	-12	2	-1	3	1	1	7	0	9	1	5	-18
Louisiana Hub	-5	5	-13	9	-12	-18	4	-5	4	3	0	15	9	11	10	0	6
																P	MO'T'OM

-23-

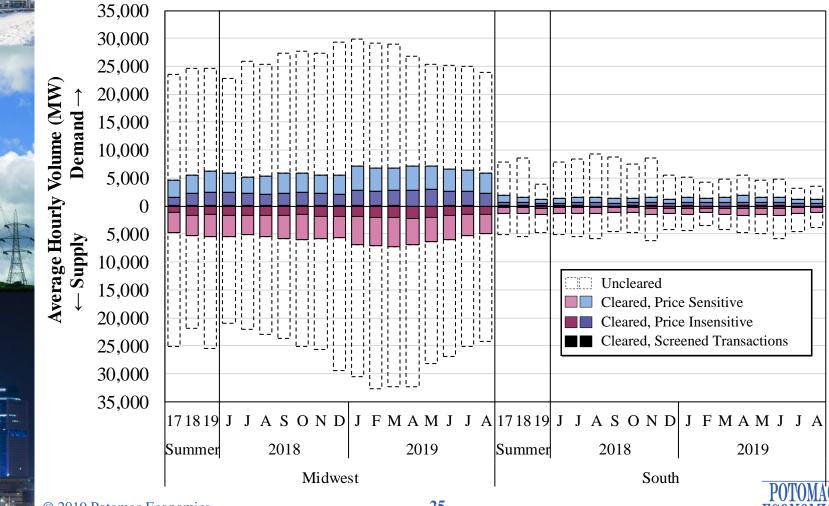
### **Day-Ahead Peak Hour Load Scheduling** Summer 2018 – 2019



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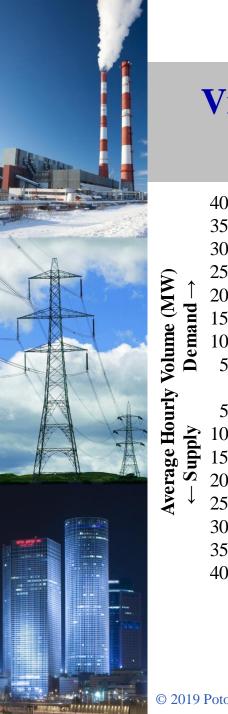
-24-

### **Virtual Load and Supply Summer 2018 – 2019**

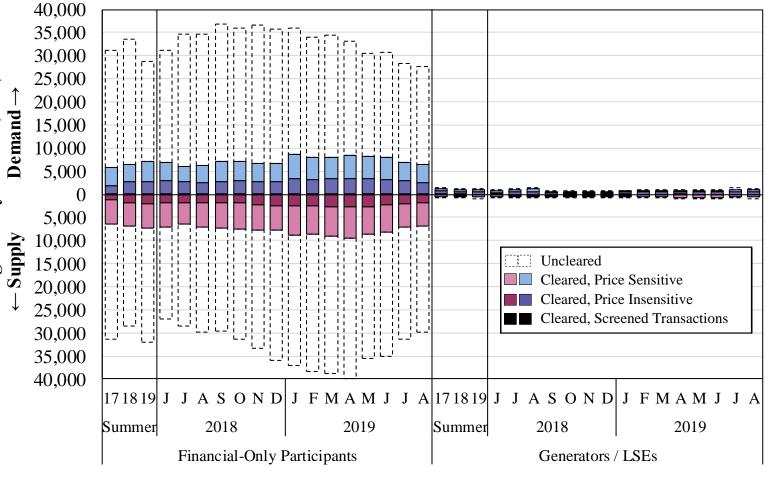


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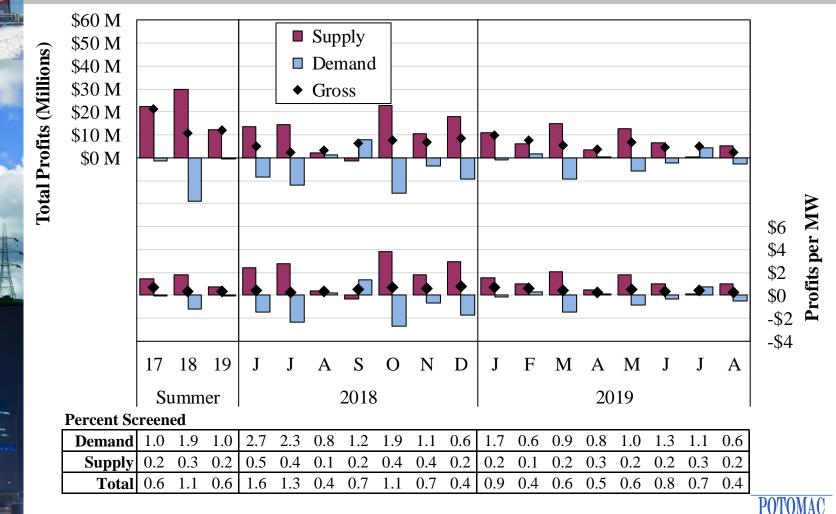
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### Virtual Load and Supply by Participant Type Summer 2018 – 2019

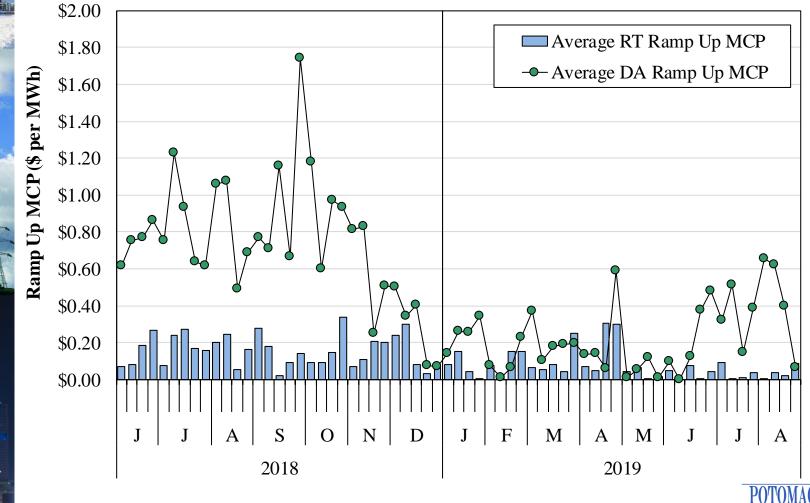


### Virtual Profitability Summer 2018 – 2019

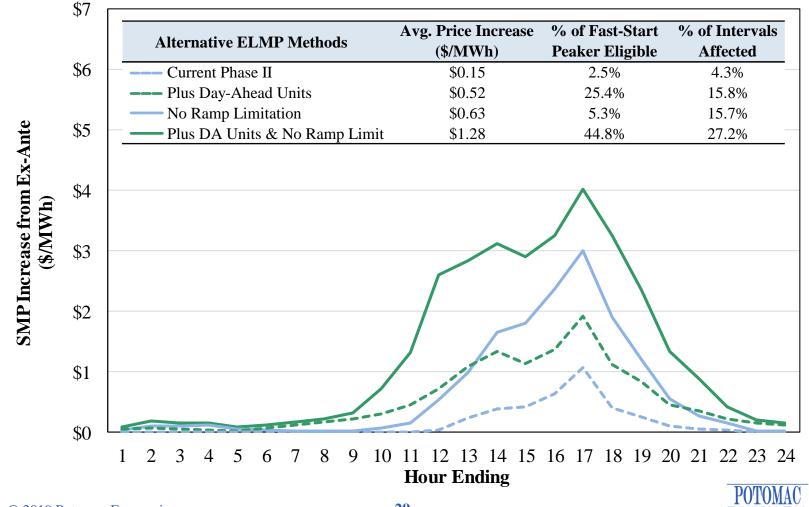


-27-

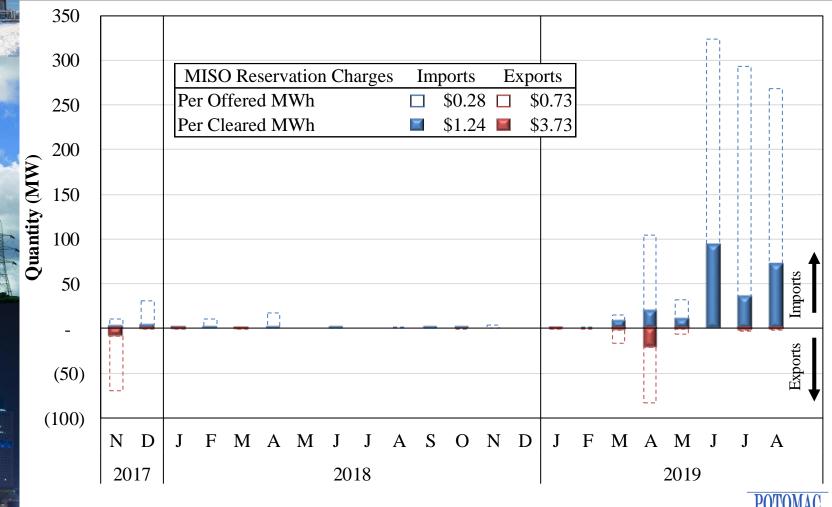
### Day-Ahead and Real-Time Ramp Up Price 2018 – 2019



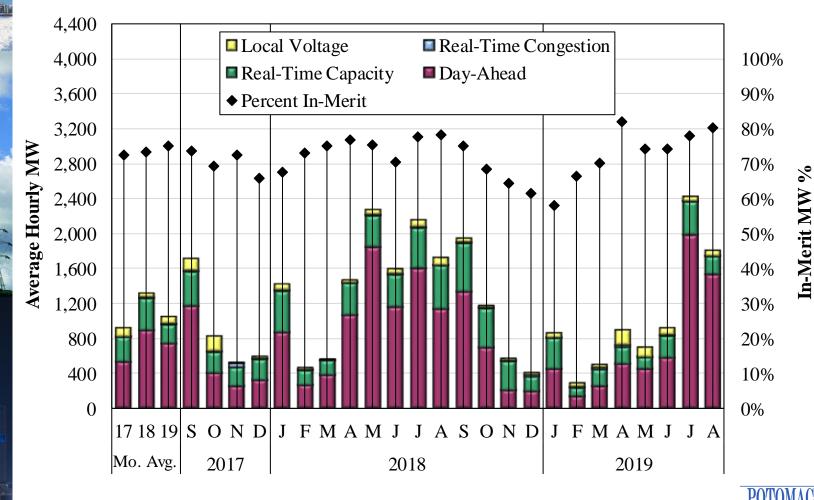
## Evaluation of ELMP Assumptions Summer 2019



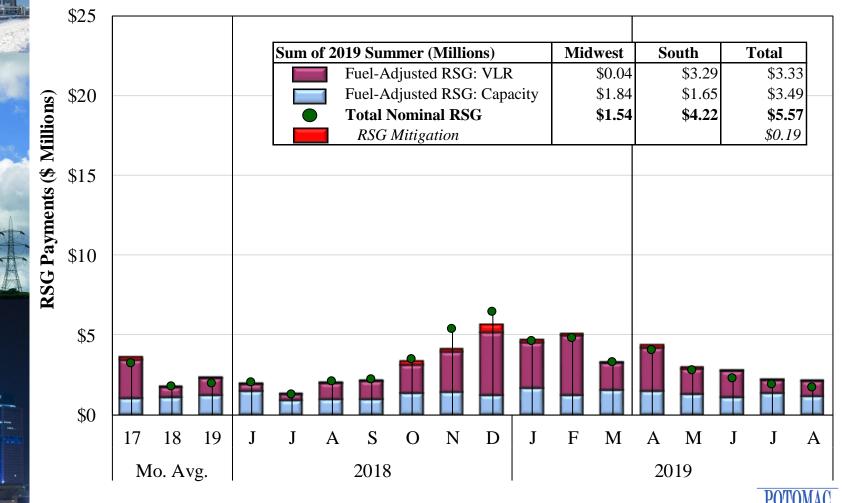
### Coordinated Transaction Scheduling (CTS) Summer 2018 – 2019



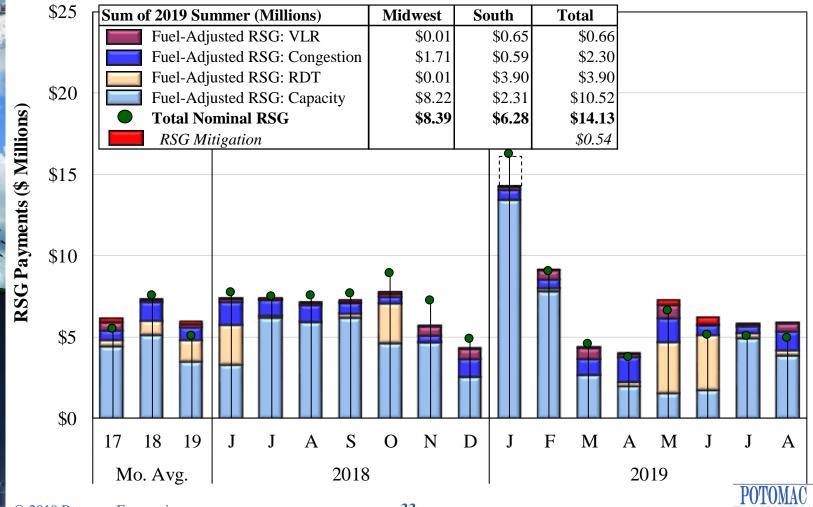
## Peaking Resource Dispatch Summer 2018 – 2019



### Day-Ahead RSG Payments Summer 2018 – 2019

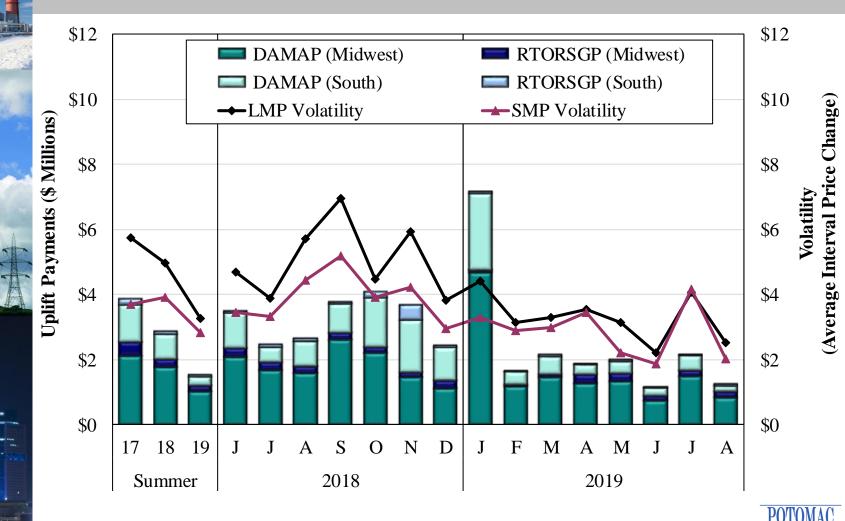


### Real-Time RSG Payments Summer 2018 – 2019

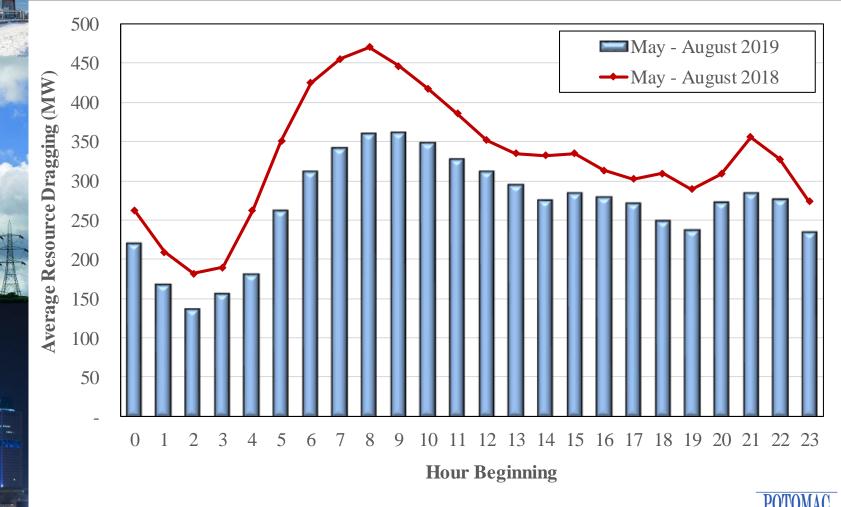


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### Price Volatility Make Whole Payments Summer 2018 – 2019



## Average Resource Dragging by Hour May - August





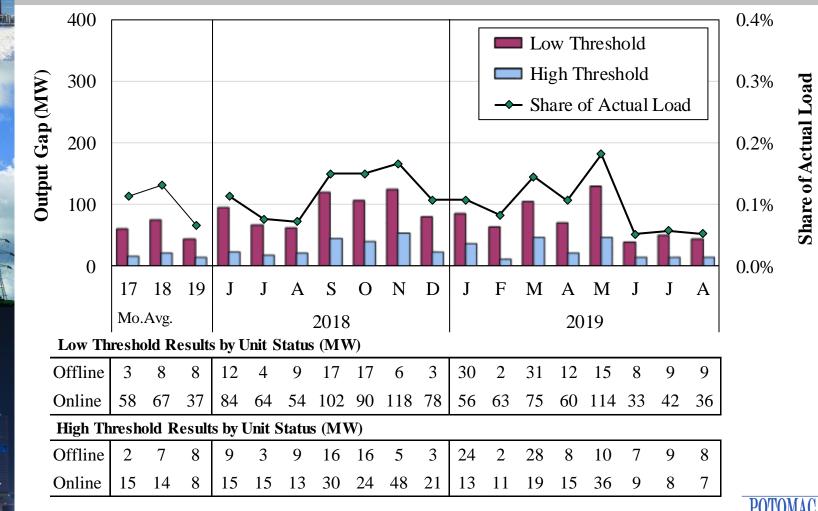
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## Generation Outage and Derate Rates Summer 2018 - 2019

	70%	Sum Monthly Average						2017				2018				2019			
				Sui	I MIOIIU	erage	Midw	est	Sout	h	Midwe	est South		th	Midwe	est S	South		
	60%			<b>F</b>	orced: I	erm	4.0%		5.7%		4.4%	,	5.2%		4.6%		4.6%		
	00 /0			<b>F</b>	orced: S	Short-To	erm	1.7%	6	1.3%	ó	1.5%		1.69	%	2.4%		1.8%	
					Inreport			8.0%	6	8.0%	ó	7.0%		8.69	%	5.4%	1	0.1%	
	50%				nplann			2.9%	6	4.0%	ó	3.1%	,	3.29	%	2.6%		1.8%	
>					lanned:			1.1%		1.6%		0.8%		1.6%		1.5%		1.8%	
cit	40%			<b>P</b>	lanned:	Norma	1	3.7%		2.5%		4.0%		3.09		4.5%		3.9%	
pa	4070			T	otal			21.5%	%	23.19	%	20.9%	6	23.3	%	21.1%	5 2	4.0%	
Share of Capacity	30%																		
Sha	20%																		
	10%					=													
	0%														_				
		Sum	Fall	Win	Spr	Sum	Sum	Fall	W	in S	pr	Sum	Su	m F	Fall	Win	Spr	Sum	
		20	18	3 2019			20	18		2019			2018		20		)		
		Total						Outage					Derate						



### Monthly Output Gap Summer 2018 – 2019



-37-

### **Day-Ahead And Real-Time Energy Mitigation** 2018 - 2019







### Day-Ahead and Real-Time RSG Mitigation 2018 – 2019







### **List of Acronyms**

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- AMP Automated Mitigation Procedures
- BCA Broad Constrained Area
- CDD Cooling Degree Days
- CMC Constraint Management Charge
- CTS Coordinated Transaction Scheduling
- DAMAP Day-Ahead Margin Assurance Payment
- DDC Day-Ahead Deviation & Headroom Charge
- DIR Dispatchable Intermittent Resource
- HDD Heating Degree Days
- ELMP Extended Locational Marginal Price
- JCM Joint and Common Market Initiative
- JOA Joint Operating Agreement
- LAC Look-Ahead Commitment
- LSE Load-Serving Entities
- M2M Market-to-Market
- MSC MISO Market Subcommittee
- NCA Narrow Constrained Area

- ORDC Operating Reserve Demand Curve
- PITT Pseudo-Tie Issues Task Team
- PRA Planning Resource Auction
- PVMWP Price Volatility Make Whole Payment
- RAC Resource Adequacy Construct
  - RDT Regional Directional Transfer
- RSG Revenue Sufficiency Guarantee
- RTORSGPReal-Time Offer Revenue
  Sufficiency Guarantee Payment
- SMP System Marginal Price
  - SOM State of the Market
- TLR Transmission Line Loading
  - Relief
- TCDC Transmission Constraint Demand Curve
- VLR Voltage and Local Reliability
- WUMS Wisconsin Upper Michigan System

